UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/701,014	11/03/2003	Anthony Mai	450133-04878	5854	
	7590 12/08/200 AWRENCE & HAUG	8	EXAMINER		
745 FIFTH AV	ENUE- 10TH FL.		TIV, BACKHEAN		
NEW YORK, N	NY 10151		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			2451		
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
			12/08/2008	PAPER	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary			Application No. Applicant(s)						
			10/701,014		MAI, ANTHONY				
		E	Examiner		Art Unit				
		E	BACKHEAN TIV		2451				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this commur or Reply	nication appea	rs on the cover sh	eet with the co	orrespondence ac	ldress			
WHIC - Exter after - If NC - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD F CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE M Issions of time may be available under the provisions SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this common period for reply is specified above, the maximum signer to reply within the set or extended period for reply eply received by the Office later than three months and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	MAILING DAT s of 37 CFR 1.136(a munication. tatutory period will a v will, by statute, ca	E OF THIS COMN  a). In no event, however,  apply and will expire SIX of the application to become	MUNICATION may a reply be time (6) MONTHS from the	ely filed the mailing date of this compared (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status									
1) 又	Responsive to communication(s) file	ed on <i>RCE file</i>	ed 9/19/08						
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>RCE filed 9/19/08</u> .  This action is <b>FINAL</b> .  2b) This action is non-final.								
3)		<i>,</i> —		I matters pro	secution as to the	e merits is			
٥,١	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.								
Dispositi	on of Claims	•	•	,					
· ·		application							
	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.								
	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.								
	i) Claim(s) is/are allowed. I) Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are rejected.								
·									
•	7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. B) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.								
0)[	Claim(s) are subject to restin	ction and/or e	nection requireme	iit.					
Applicati	on Papers								
9)	The specification is objected to by th	e Examiner.							
10)	The drawing(s) filed on is/are	: а)∏ ассер	ted or b)⊡ object	ed to by the E	xaminer.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).									
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.									
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119								
<ul> <li>12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).</li> <li>a) All b) Some coll None of:</li> <li>1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.</li> <li>2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No.</li> <li>3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>									
2)  Notic 3) Inform	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892) e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (Fination Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	PTO-948)	Pap 5) 🔲 Not	erview Summary ( per No(s)/Mail Dat ice of Informal Pa er:	te				

Art Unit: 2451

### **Detailed Action**

Claims 1-30 are pending in this application. Claims 1-30 have been amended.

This is a response to the RCE filed on 9/19/08.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

Claims 1-30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.

As per claims 1-30, recites the limitation, "wherein said redundancy update message is a message indicating that the first/second peer system is not to receive a new message from the third/first peer system because the new message has an alternate path to the first/second peer system". The applicant has pointed to para.0103-0112 as providing support for the amendment

Para.0103-0112 describes, each peer includes a list of messages received to avoid relaying the same message twice. The recipient peer builds a redundancy update message identifying the origin of the message and information identifying the recipient peer. The recipient peer sends the redundancy update message to the sender of the redundant message. The sender of the redundant message receives the redundancy update message and

Art Unit: 2451

updates the redundancy list for the sender. The sender adds an entry to the sender's redundancy list indicating that the sender should not send a message originating from the indicated origin to the recipient peer.

Para.0103-0112, however does not describe, redundancy update message is a message indicating the first/second peer is not to receive a new message from the third/first peer because the new message has an alternate path to the first/second peer, no where in para.0103-0112 does it discuss an alternate path to the first peer system, nor does it describe a situation where the third peer sends a new message.

The Office did a text query of the specification and can not even find the term "alternate path" or it's synonym.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8,10,14-19,21-24,26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 0913,965 issued to Mahe in view of US Patent 7,177,950 issued to Narayan et al.(Narayan) in further view of US Publication 2005/0080858 issued to Pessach in further view of US Publication 2004/0103179

Art Unit: 2451

issued to Damm et al.(Damm) in further view of US Publication 2005/0063409 issued to Oommen.

As per claim 1, Mahe teaches a method of building a redundancy list in a peer system in a peer-to-peer relay network(Abstract, Fig.1), comprising: receiving a first message including first identification information at a first peer system from a second peer system connected to said first peer system in a peer-to-peer relay network(Abstract, para.0059-0063); storing said first identification information(Abstract, para.0059-0063); receiving a second message including second identification information at said to first peer system from a third peer system connected to said first peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network(para.0070-0072); comparing said second identification information with said first identification information(Abstract, para.0070-0072).

Mahe however does not explicitly teach building a redundancy update message when said comparison of said first identification information to said second identification information identifies the first message and the second message as the same message; wherein said redundancy update message is a message indicating that the first peer system is not to receive a new message from the third peer system because the new message has an alternate path to the first peer system, and sending said redundancy update message to said third peer system and wherein the redundancy update message comprises information identifying the first peer system as an origin peer system and information identifying the third peer system as a source peer system and

Art Unit: 2451

indicates that a next message from the source peer system is not to be sent to the origin peer system.

Narayan explicitly teaches building a redundancy update message(col.6, lines 54-67, col.7, lines 20-32); and sending said redundancy update message to said third peer system(col.7, lines 20-57); information identifying a source peer system(col.7, lines 20-57).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe to include teach building a redundancy update message; and sending said redundancy update message to said third peer system as taught by Narayan in order to synchronize and recover peer information in peer to peer sessions(Narayan, col.1, lines 10-15).

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe and Narayan in order to synchronize and recover peer information in peer to peer sessions(Narayan, col.1, lines 10-15).

Pessach teaches information identifying an origin peer system(Abstract, para.0062) and comparing identification in messages to determine whether the messages are the same(Abstract,para.0076).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe in view of Narayan to include information identifying an origin as taught by Pessach in order to determine the origin of certain messages.

Art Unit: 2451

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe, Narayan, and Pessach in order to determine the origin of certain messages.

Damm teaches indicates that a next message from the source peer system is not to be sent to the origin peer system(Fig.1-2, teaches messages are sent from one node to another down the chain either clockwise or counterclockwise, messages are sent from node 1 to node 2, from node 2 to node 3).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe in view of Narayan in further view of Pessach to include not sending messages from a source peer system to an origin peer as taught by Damm in order to update topology(Damm, para.0001).

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe, Narayan, Pessach, and Damm in order to update topology(Damm, para.0001).

Oommen teaches sending messages to a peer using a different path(Fig.5, para.0026).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe in view of Narayan,

Pessach in view of Damm to include ending messages to a peer using a different path as taught by Oommen in order to send messages to different devices that are on different networks(Oommen, para.0024).

Art Unit: 2451

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe, Narayan, Pessach, Damm, and Oommen in order to send messages to different devices that are on different networks(Oommen, para.0024).

As per claims 14,21,26, do not teach or further define over the limitations in claims 1. Therefore claims 14,21,26 are rejected for the same reasons set forth above.

As per claim 2, the method of claim 1, wherein: wherein said second identification information is the same as said first identification information(Mahe, para.0082-0083).

As per claim 3, the method of claim 1, wherein: a message includes data to be relayed, an origin identifier, a sequence value, and addressing information, and the origin identifier of a message indicates an origin peer system (Mahe, para.0063).

As per claim 4, the method of claim 3, wherein: comparing said second identification information with said first identification information includes: comparing the origin identifier of said first message with the origin identifier of said second message, and comparing the sequence value of said first message with the sequence value of said second message(Mahe, para.0059-0063,0068-0071).

As per claim 5, the method of claim 3, wherein: said redundancy update message includes an origin identifier and a recipient identifier, the origin identifier of said redundancy update message indicates the origin peer system that is the

Art Unit: 2451

same as the origin peer system indicated by the origin identifier of said first message and of said second message, and to the recipient identifier of said redundancy update message indicates said first peer system(Mahe, para.0082-0089).

As per claim 6, the method of claim 1, further comprising: disconnecting said first peer system from a connected peer system; building a clear redundancy message; and sending said clear redundancy message from said first peer system to each peer system connected to said first peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 1.

As per claim 7, the method of claim 6, wherein: said clear redundancy message includes a recipient identifier indicating said first peer system(Mahe, para.0082-0089, Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 1.

As per claim 8, the method of claim 6, wherein: said connected peer system is said second peer system or said third peer system(Mahe, para.0082-0089, Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 1.

As per claim 10, the method of claim 1, wherein: the data relayed by peer systems is update data for a network environment(Narayan, Fig.2). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 1.

As per claim 15, the method of claim 14, wherein: a message includes data to be relayed, an origin identifier, a sequence value, and addressing

Art Unit: 2451

information, and the origin identifier of a message indicates an origin peer system(Mahe, para.0063).

As per claim 16, the method of claim 15, wherein: the message identifier of an entry in said redundancy list indicates an origin peer system(Mahe, para.0063).

As per claim 17, the method of claim 14, wherein: said redundancy update message indicates identification information that is the same as the identification information of said message sent to said second peer system(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 14.

As per claim 18, the method of claim 14, further comprising: receiving a clear redundancy message including a recipient identifier indicating a connected peer system; and updating a redundancy list by removing any entries in said redundancy list indicating said third peer system as the recipient identifier of that entry(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 14.

As per claim 19, the method of claim 18, wherein: said connected peer system is said second peer system(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 14.

As per claim 22, the peer system of claim 21, further comprising: means for building a clear redundancy message; and means for sending said clear redundancy message from said peer system to each peer system connected to said first peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 1.

Art Unit: 2451

As per claim 23, the peer system of claim 21, further comprising: means for sending a message including identification information to a recipient peer system connected to said peer system in a peer-to-peer relay network(Mahe, para.0082-0089); means for receiving a redundancy update message from said recipient peer system(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); and means for updating a redundancy list including one or more entries(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); wherein each entry in said redundancy list stores a recipient identifier indicating a peer system and a message identifier, such that an entry indicates said peer system is not to send a message to the peer system indicated by the entry when the message includes identification information matching the message identifier indicated by the entry(Mahe, Abstract). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 21.

As per claim 24, the peer system of claim 21, further comprising: means for receiving a clear redundancy message including a recipient identifier indicating a disconnected peer system; and means for updating a redundancy list by removing any entries in said redundancy list indicating said disconnected peer system as the recipient identifier of that entry(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); wherein each entry in said redundancy list stores a recipient identifier indicating a peer system and a message identifier, such that an entry indicates said peer system is not to send a message to the peer system indicated by the entry when the message includes identification information matching the message identifier indicated by the entry(Mahe, Abstract). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 21.

Art Unit: 2451

As per claim 27, the computer program of claim 26, further comprising instructions that cause a computer to: build a clear redundancy message; and send said clear redundancy message from said peer system to each peer system connected to said first peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 26.

As per claim 28, the computer program of claim 26, further comprising instructions that cause a computer to: send a message including identification information to a recipient peer system connected to said peer system in a peer-to-peer relay network(Mahe, Abstract); process a received redundancy update message from said recipient peer system(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); and update a redundancy list including one or more entries(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); wherein each entry in said redundancy list stores a recipient identifier indicating a peer system and a message identifier, such that an entry indicates said peer system is not to send a message to the peer system indicated by the entry when the message includes identification information matching the message identifier indicated by the entry(Mahe, Abstract).Motivation to combine set forth in claim 26.

As per claim 29, the computer program of claim 26, further comprising instructions that cause a computer to: process a received clear redundancy message including a recipient identifier indicating a disconnected peer system(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); and update a redundancy list by removing any entries in said redundancy list indicating said disconnected peer system as the recipient identifier of that entry(Narayan, col.7, lines 20-57); wherein each

Art Unit: 2451

entry in said redundancy list stores a recipient identifier indicating a peer system and a message identifier, such that an entry indicates said peer system is not to send a message to the peer system indicated by the entry when the message includes identification information matching the message identifier indicated by the entry Mahe, Abstract). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 26.

Claims 11-13 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over EP 0913,965 issued to Mahe in view of US Patent 7,177,950 issued to Narayan et al.(Narayan) in further view of US Publication 2005/0080858 issued to Pessach in further view of US Publication 2004/0103179 issued to Damm et al.(Damm) in further view of US Publication 2005/0063409 issued to Oommen in further view of US Patent 6,701,344 issued to Holt et al.(Holt)

Mahe in view of Narayan in further view of Pessach in further view of Damm in further view of Oommen teaches all the limitations of claim 1, however does not explicitly teach as per claim 11, the method of claim 1, wherein: the data relayed by peer systems is update data for an online game.

Holt teaches as per claim 11, the method of claim 1, wherein: the data relayed by peer systems is update data for an online game(Abstract, col.16, lines 29-46).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe in view of Narayan in further view of Pessach in further view of Oommen to include the data relayed by

Art Unit: 2451

peer systems is update data for an online game as taught by Holt in order to inform peers of current games and who are playing the games.

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe, Narayan, Pessach, Oommen Damm and Holt in order to inform peers of current games and who are playing the games.

As per claim 12, the method of claim 1, wherein: at least one peer system is a network-enabled game console(Holt, col.16, lines 29-46). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 11.

As per claim 13, the method of claim 1, wherein: at least two peer systems are connected through the Internet(Holt, Abstract). Motivation to combine set forth in claim 11.

Claims 9,20,25,30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Mahe in view of US Patent 7,177,950 issued to Narayan et al.(Narayan) in further view of US Publication 2005/0080858 issued to Pessach in further view of US Publication 2004/0103179 issued to Damm et al.(Damm) in further view of US Publication 2005/0063409 issued to Oommen in further view of US Patent 6,668,283 issued to Sitaraman et al.(Sitaraman).

Mahe in view of Narayan in further view of Pessach in further view of Damm in further view of Oommen teaches all the limitations of claim 1, however does not explicitly teach as per claim 9, the method of claim 1, wherein: each peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network stores a connection limit defining a number of other peer systems up to which that peer system is permitted to

Art Unit: 2451

connect, and each peer system stores a set of one or more relay rules for relaying data to other peer systems connected to that peer system.

Sitaraman teaches each peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network stores a connection limit defining a number of other peer systems up to which that peer system is permitted to connect, and each peer system stores a set of one or more relay rules for relaying data to other peer systems connected to that peer system(Abstract, Fig.3, col.5, lines 44-col.6, line 18).

Therefore it would have been obvious to one ordinary skill in the art at the time of the invention to modify the teachings of Mahe in view of Narayan in further view of Pessach in further view of Damm in further view of Oommen to include each peer system in said peer-to-peer relay network stores a connection limit defining a number of other peer systems up to which that peer system is permitted to connect, and each peer system stores a set of one or more relay rules for relaying data to other peer systems connected to that peer system as taught by Sitaraman in order to limit the number connection to a peer so that the peer will be able to handle messages sent to and from the peer.

One ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to combine the teachings of Mahe, Narayan, Pessach Damm, Oommen and Sitaraman in order to limit the number connection to a peer so that the peer will be able to handle messages sent to and from the peer.

As per claims 20,25,30, do not teach or further define over the limitations in claim 9. Therefore claims 20,25,30 are rejected for the same reasons set forth above.

Art Unit: 2451

# Response to Arguments

All previous rejections/objections are withdrawn due to applicant's amendments.

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1-30 have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

### Conclusion

Examiner's Note: Examiner has cited particular columns and line numbers in the references as applied to the claims above for the convenience of the applicant. Although the specified citations are representative of the teachings of the art and are applied to the specific limitations within the individual claim, other passages and figures may apply as well. It is respectfully requested from the applicant in preparing responses, to fully consider the references in its entirety as potentially teaching of all or part of the claimed invention.

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure. See PTO-892.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Backhean Tiv whose telephone number is (571) 272-5654. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 6:30-3:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, John Follansbee can be reached on (571) 272-3964. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Application/Control Number: 10/701,014 Page 16

Art Unit: 2451

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

/B. T./ Backhean Tiv Examiner, Art Unit 2451 12/4/08

/John Follansbee/

Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 2451

Application/Control Number: 10/701,014 Page 17

Art Unit: 2451